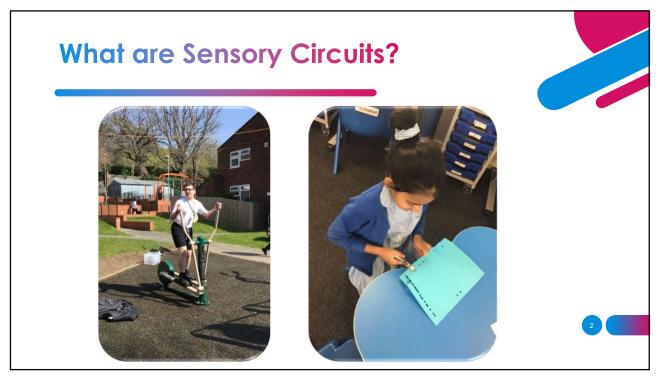
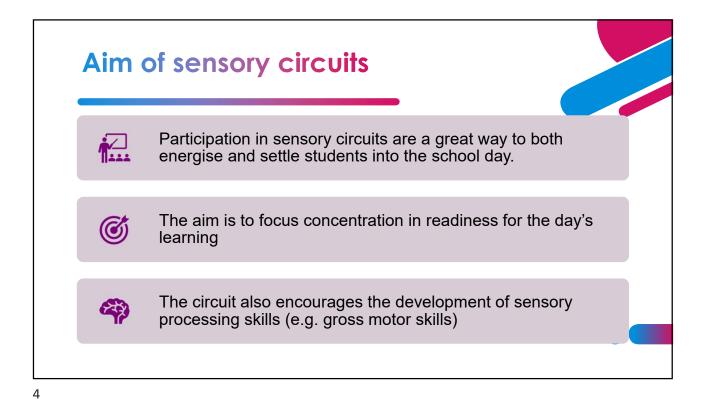
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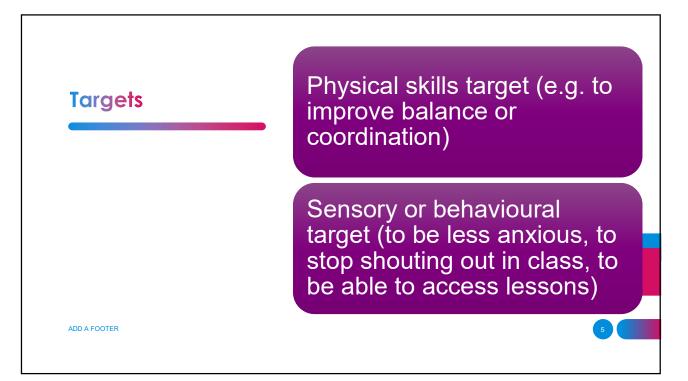


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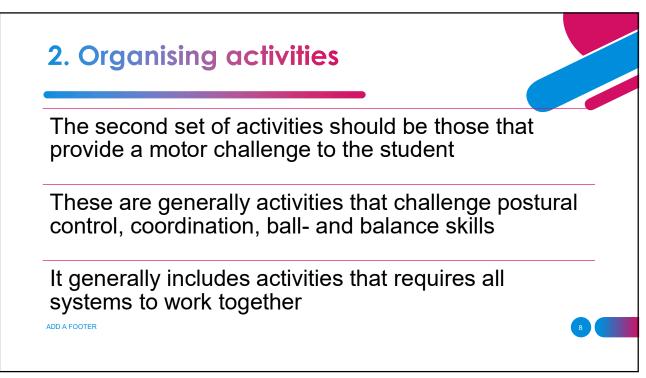
Set up of circuits	
Alerting	Alerting activities – to provide proprioceptive and vestibular input in a controlled setting. This prepares the brain for learning
Organising	Organising activities – includes activities that require motor sensory processing. This will also work on motor skills such as balance, coordination, ball skills etc.
Calming	Calming activities – ensure student leaves circuits in a calm and grounded way







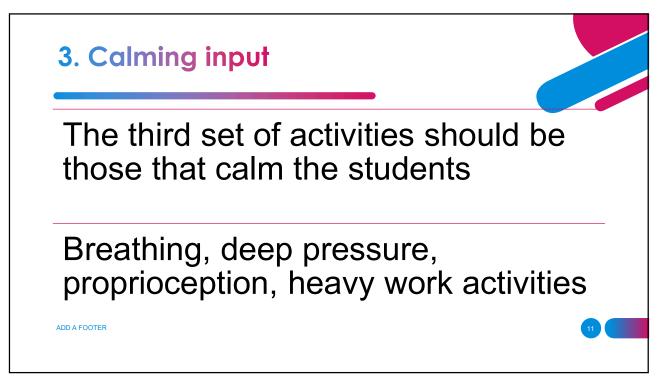




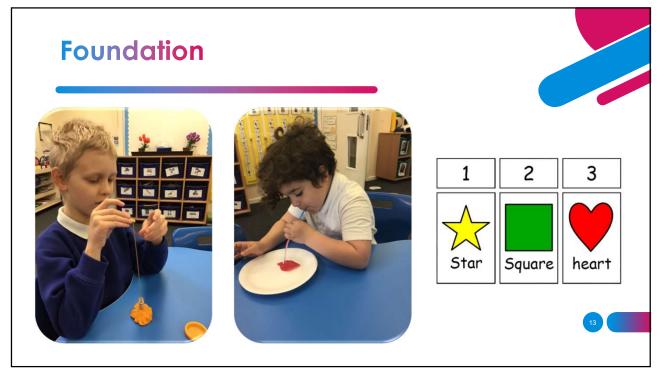






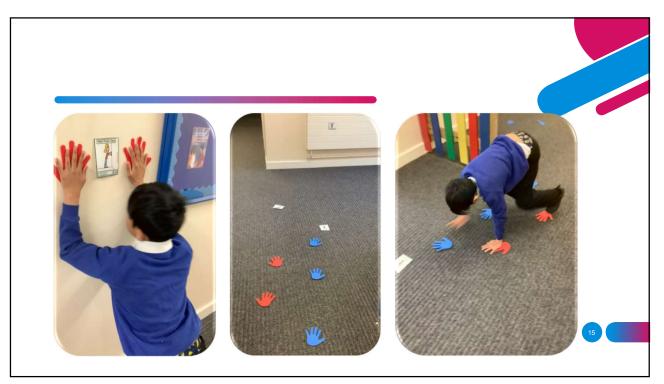


Deep Decreases anxiety Decreases Decreases

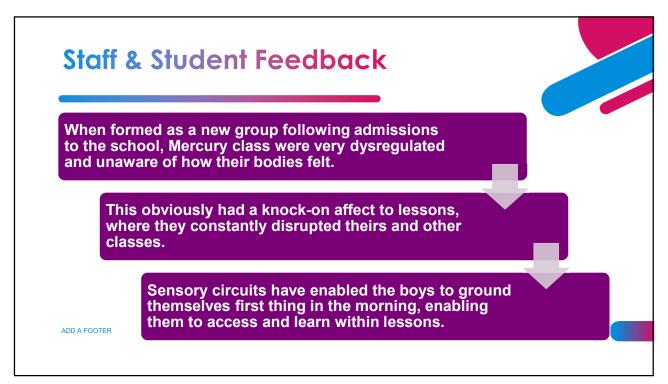


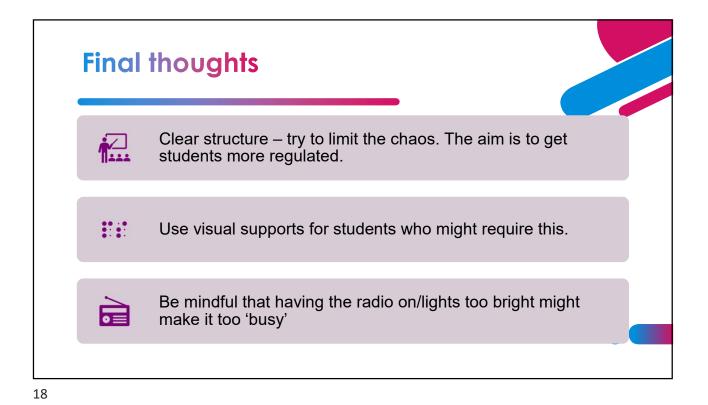












Final (final) thoughts

The brain favours repetition and physical activity plays and important role in development

The consistent structure of the sensory circuits ensures predictable sensory input, whilst building up skills by doing it again and again. This doesn't happen overnight...repetition is really important.





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